

Global Information Connectivity



Presented to NDIA
Space Policy & Architecture Symposium

Col William Gardner, SMC/XR

27 February 2001

william.gardner@losangeles.af.mil



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Outline



- Current National Satcom Activity
- Effects-based warfare
- Satcom Architecture
- Multi-mission concepts
- Summary



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Current National Satcom Activity



- Program Decision Memorandum (PDM) IV
 - Two new Satcom systems
 - National Strategic Satellite System
 - Advanced Wideband System
 - Development of laser communication technology
 - Directs comprehensive study (Transformational Communication Study)
- Architectural Decision Memorandum
 - Compatibility with Global Information Grid
 - Packet switched architecture
- MILSATCOM Joint Program Office Program Research and Development Agreement Activity
 - Involvement from two industry teams (Mar-Jun 2002)



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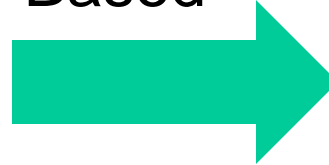
The Kill Chain . . .



Today

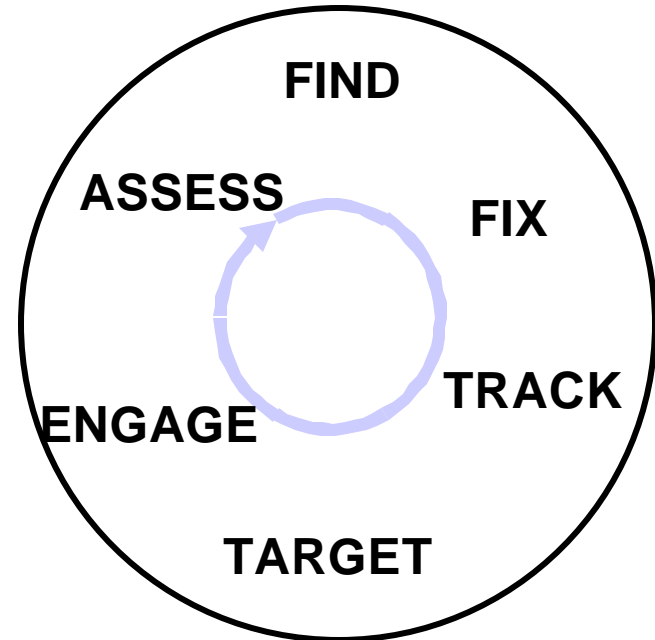


Effects-
Based



Warfare

Future



- Stovepipe processes
- Low automation
- High sustainment costs
- Low Density / High Demand problem
- Longer standoff ranges required

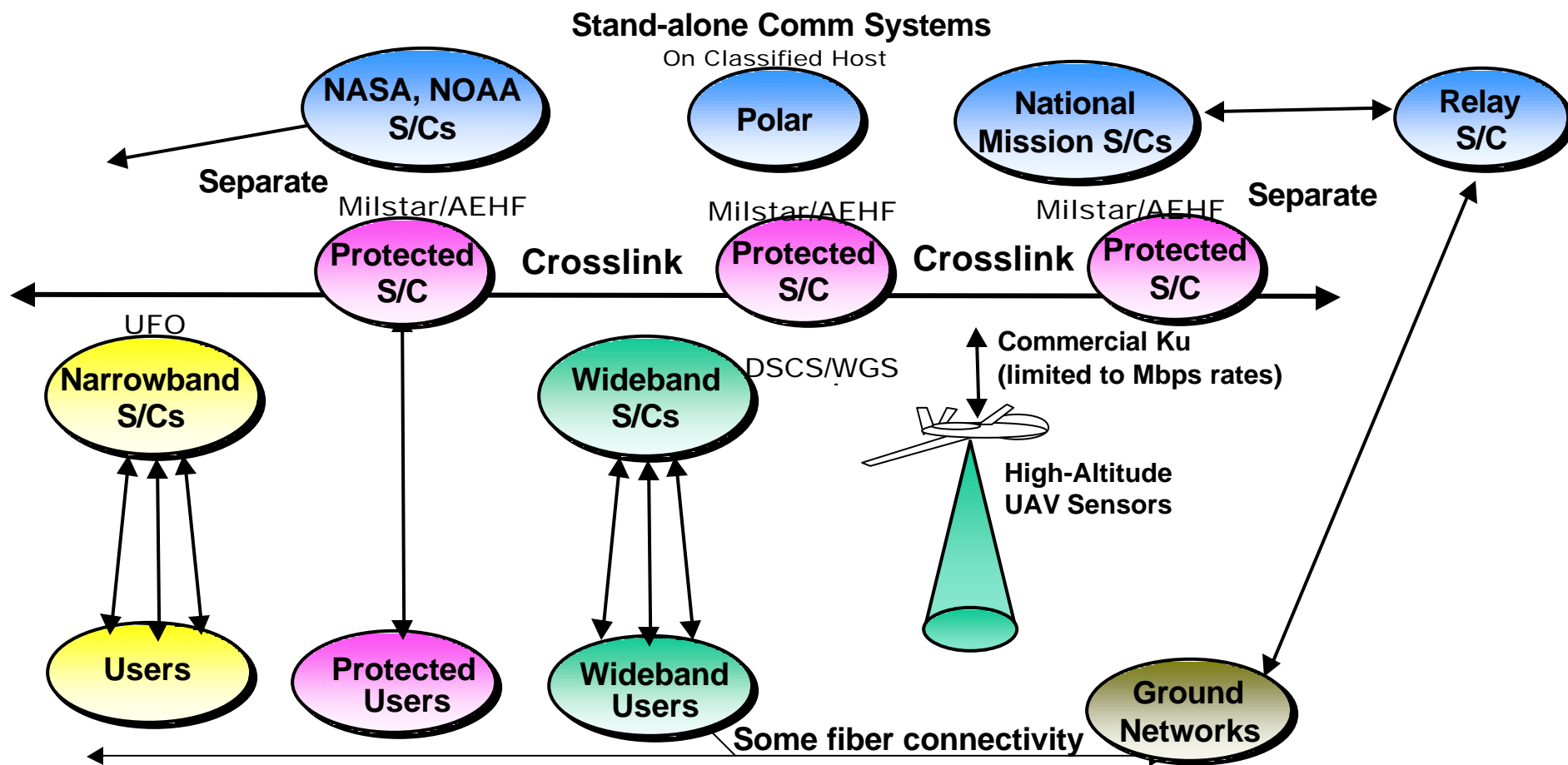
- Seamless processes
- High automation
- Reduced sustainment costs
- Designed for continuous deployment
- Reduced operator risk

Seamless Global interconnectivity supports effects-based warfare



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SATCOM Today: Mission Specific & Stove-piped



- Stand-alone systems; not well inter-networked
- Limited bandwidth to most airborne platforms

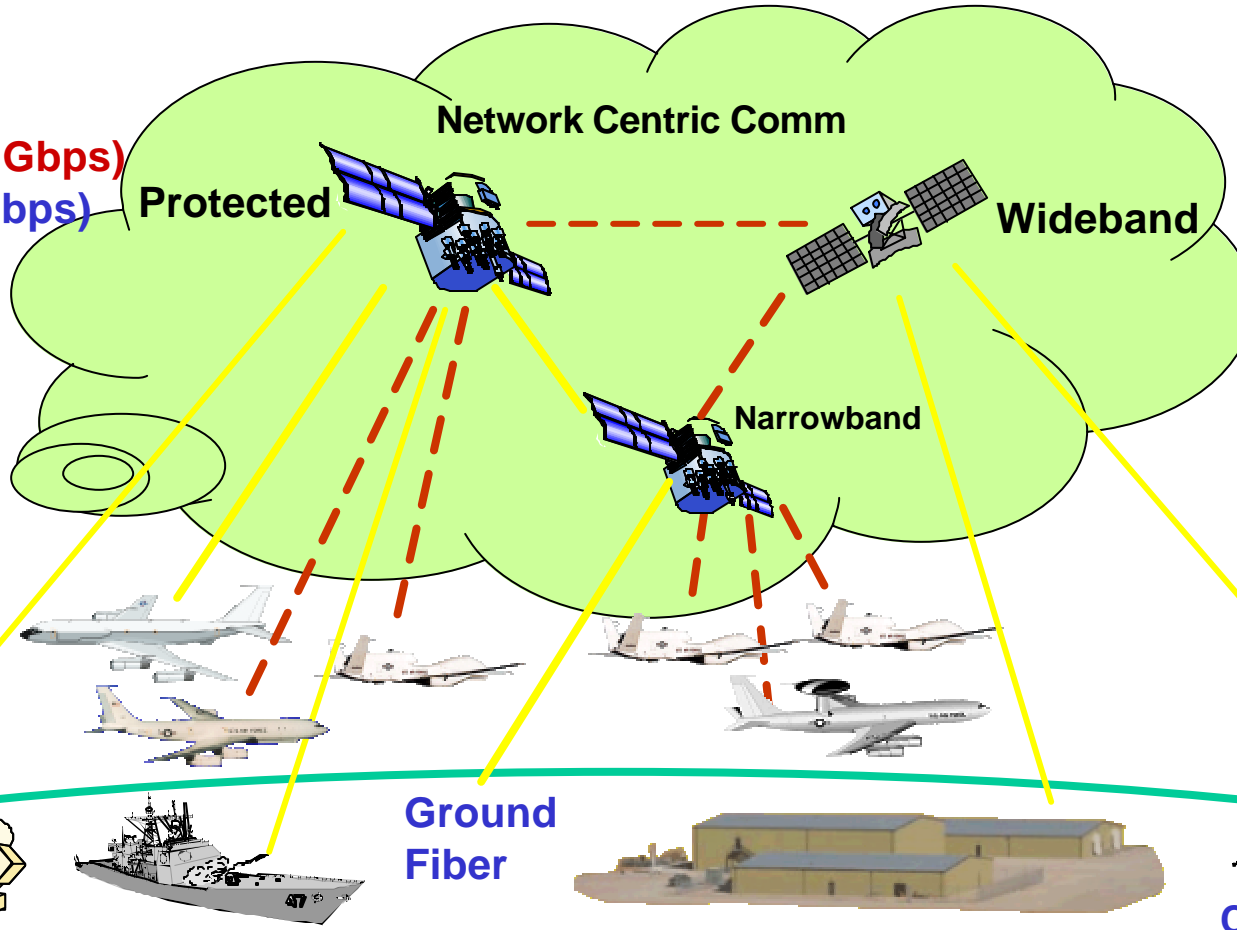


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SATCOM Tomorrow Enduring Enterprise



Optical (100's Gbps)
RF (kpbs-10 Gbps)



Internet-like
Services

Machine-to-
machine Interface

Allocable, Secure,
Private Networks
for Warfighting
Users

Receiver

Comm on the move

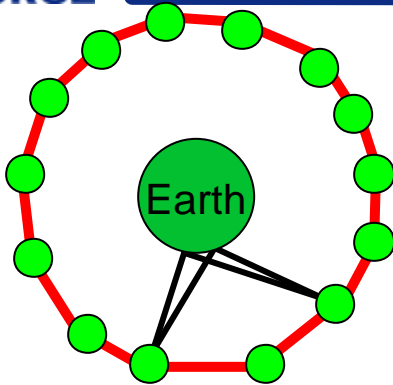
Bandwidth on demand



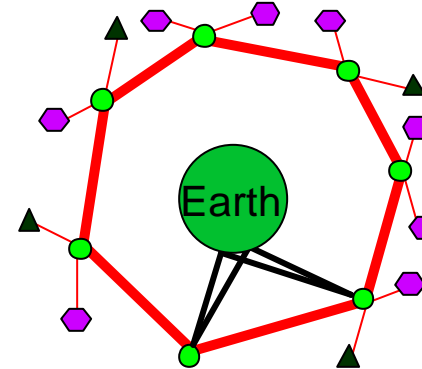
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TCS

Four Wideband Families

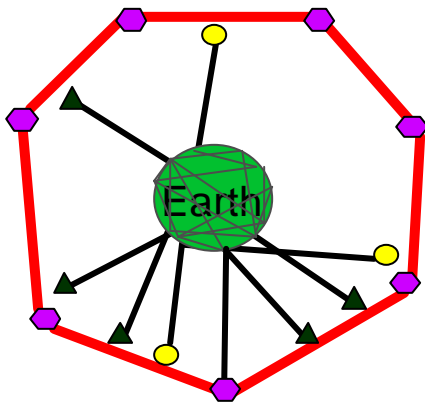


#1: Space Backbone Consolidated with Edge Services

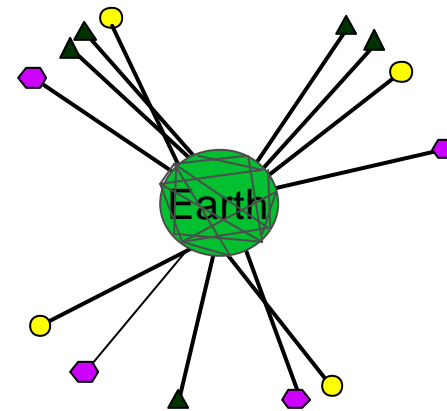


#2: Single Backbone/Distributed Edge Services

Satellite Count TBD



#3: Distributed Edge Systems w/ Internal Backbones



#4: Terrestrial Backbone/Distributed Edge



Integrated C2ISR is the end state...



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Key Platforms

JSTARS } MC2A
AWACS }
Rivet Joint
Global Hawk
Predator
U-2
KE-X
SBR
DSP/SBIRS
NTM
ABL
DMSP

Seamless Capabilities

GMTI
AMTI
ELINT
COMINT
MASINT
IMINT

Integrated ISR COP

Fused target picture
Automated target recognition
Target tracking
Positive target ID
Mensurated coordinates
Warnings and indicators
Situational awareness
Pred Battlespace Awareness

System
Engineering
&
Integration

System
Engineering
&
Integration

COMMAND & CONTROL

AOC /BCS
MC2A
NCCT

New Goal

GPS/ MILSTAR

TBMCS/ SBMCS/ DCGS/ GCCS
CDL/MP-CDL/SCDL/Link 16

DSCS/ COMSAT

Global Information Grid

Effects-Based Acquisition of Integrated Capabilities

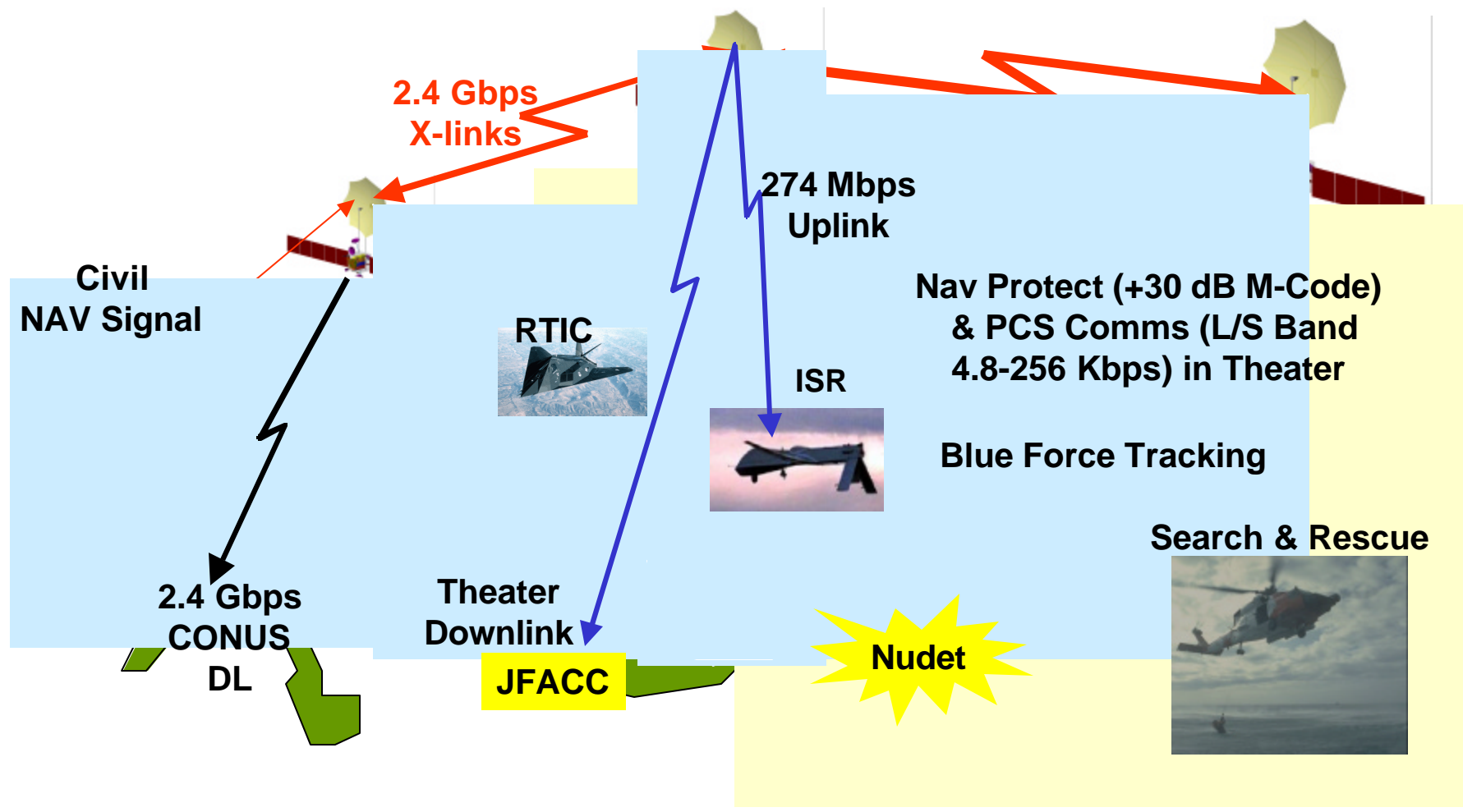


Global Multi-Mission Satellite Platform Concept



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9 GMSP Satellites augmenting the GPS III Constellation
Address NAVWAR, Mobile Comm, & Reachback needs





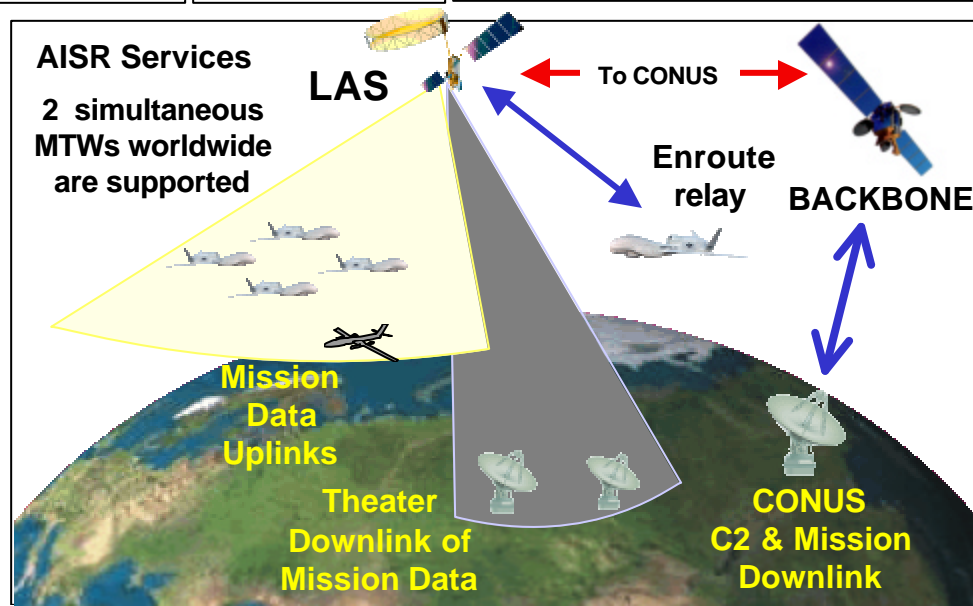
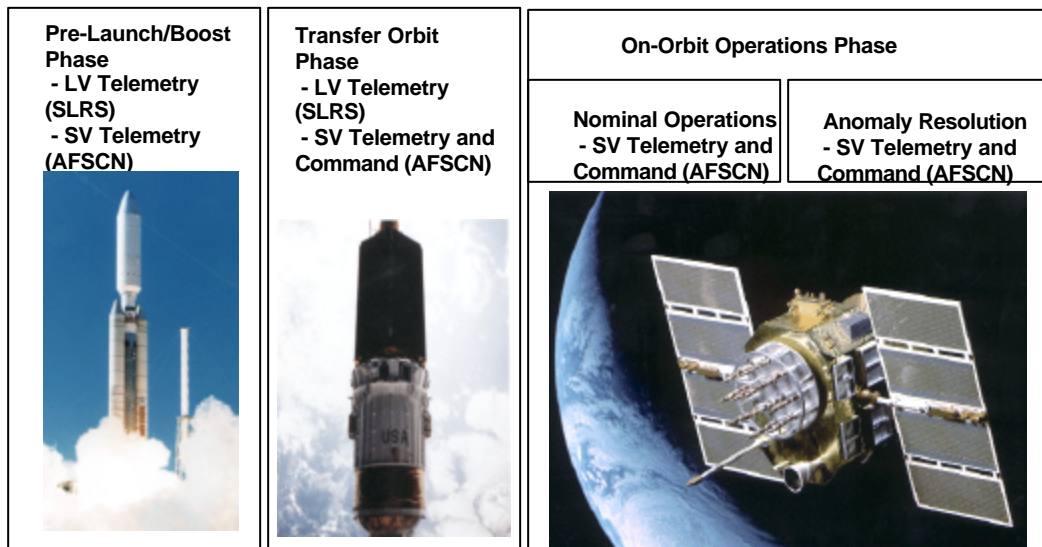
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Large Aperture Satellite Concept



–Supports AFSPC missions:

- Space forces support
 - SLRS
 - Continuous C² contacts (LEO – MEO)
 - Mission Data Relay
- Space Control
 - Real-time C²
 - Mission Data Relay
- Force enhancement
 - ANS augmentation
 - AISR C² and data relay
 - Wide-band theater dissemination comms
- Force applications



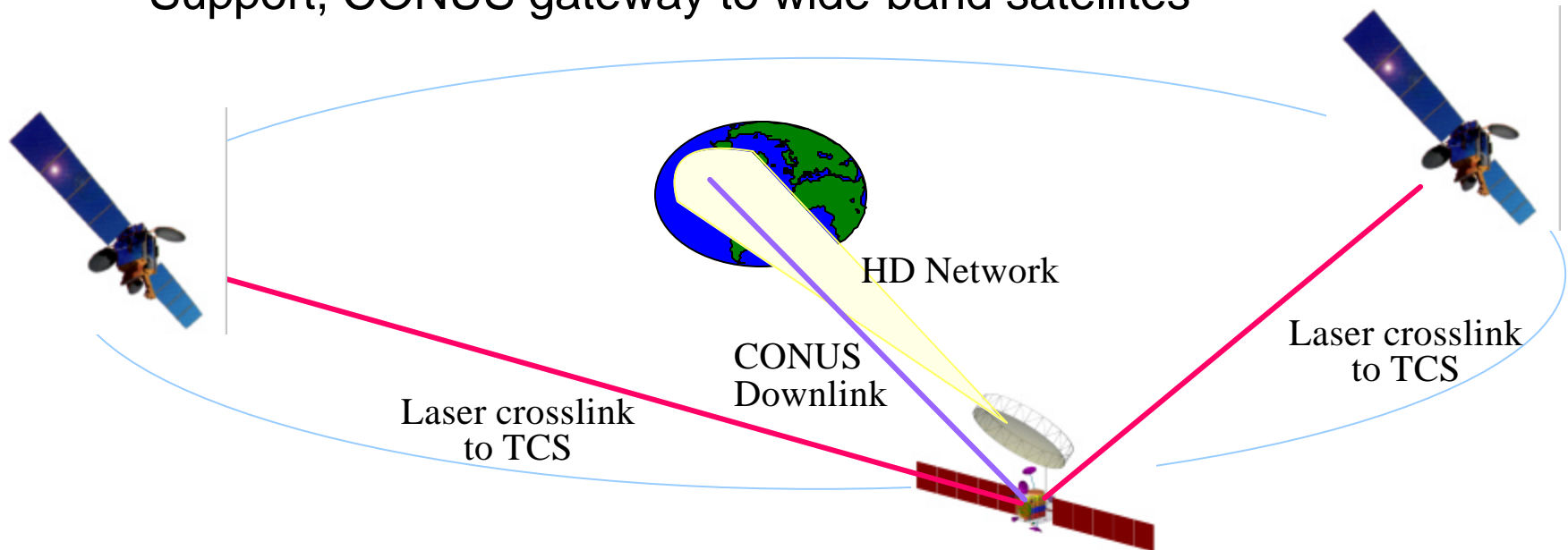


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U.S. Emergency Response Satellite (USERS) Concept



- GEO augmentation of line-of-site and cellular (3G) networks across Homeland Defense agencies and jurisdictions
- Integrated in future space networks (TCS, WAAS)
- Missions: Homeland Defense Network, Space Lift Range Support, CONUS gateway to wide-band satellites



USERS connects federal, state, local agencies, and First Responders



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Summary



- Effects-based thinking is in
- Transformation from stove-piped communications to global interconnectivity is underway
- DoD, Intelligence, and Civil communities are major stakeholders